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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/533,503	10/26/2005	Ali Badache	1-32748A/FMI	4472		
1095 NOVARTIS	7590 04/10/200	8	EXAM	EXAMINER		
CORPORATE	INTELLECTUAL PRO	ROPERTY	BRISTOL, LYNN ANNE			
	ONE HEALTH PLAZA 104/3 EAST HANOVER, NJ 07936-1080		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			1643			
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			04/10/2008	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Occurrence	10/533,503	BADACHE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	LYNN BRISTOL	1643				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addres	is			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	J. nely filed the mailing date of this commu D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
	<u>_</u>					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the matter of						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> are subject to restriction and/or e	election requirement					
	nootion roquironnone.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner	r.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the o	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-1	52.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 	s have been received.					
3.☐ Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau	ity documents have been receive		ge			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies not receive	d.				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	4)	nte				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) [Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-30 are all the pending claims subject to unity of invention analysis.

2. Claims 5, 10, 12-14 are improper multiple dependent claims. Applicants are advised to amend the claims prior to examination on the merits.

3. It is noted that Claims 27-30 provide for the use of TEL/Etv 6 inhibitors, and without setting forth any steps involved in the method/process, it is unclear what method/process applicant is intending to encompass. Claims 27-30 in presently written form are drawn to non-statutory subject matter under 35 U.S.C. 101. Applicants are advised to amend the claims to meet the statutory requirements under §101.

In order to advance prosecution, Claims 27 and 28 have been interpreted as a method of treatment.

Lack of Unity: Restriction

4. Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

The claims of the present application relate to modulatory agents for the TEL/Etv6 polypeptide and methods of identifying or using them. No technical features of the compounds are given in the first generic method claims and only a limited number of compounds are described, namely, RNAi and antibodies.

In assessing whether the requirements of unity of invention of an application are met, identification of the technical features that each solution to a technical problem contributes over the prior art (special technical features) must be made. If then a technical relationship between the solutions, involving one or more of the same

technical features, can be recognized, the requirements of unity of invention are said to be met.

TEL/Etv6 polypeptide modulatory agents were already known before the priority date of the present application. For example, Chakrabarti et al. (Biochem. Biophys. Res. Comm. 264:871-877 (1999); cited in the IDS of 4/17/07) teach TEL co-repressors, i.e., SMRT, that act with TEL in gene repression, and as evidenced by Dong et al. (Blood 99(8):2637-2646 (2002 Apr 15)) TEL and Stat3 are interrelated through Stat5, thus in modulating TEL one would have expected that Stat3 activity would have also been effected.

- 5. As no technical features can be distinguished which, in light of the prior art, could be regarded as special technical features on which a unifying concept could be based, there is no single inventive concept underlying the plurality of claimed inventions.
- 6. This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1. The resulting separate inventions, as presently identified, have been grouped according to the order in which they have been claimed.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

Group I, claim(s) 1-16, drawn to a method for identifying an agent that modulates Stat3 through modulating TEL/Etv6 activity.

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Group II, claim(s) 17, drawn to a mammalian cell capable of expressing TEL/Etv6 polypeptide, its binding partner and a reporter gene construct.

Group III, claim(s) 18 and 19, drawn to a method of inhibiting Stat3 expressing cancer cell proliferation with a TEL activator.

Group IV, claim(s) 20-28, drawn to a method of inhibiting cytokine sensitive cancers with a TEL activity inhibitor.

- 7. Three (3) different methods are presented in Groups I, III and IV. The 3 methods share a common property, the use of a TEL/Etv6 modulator, but the method steps are different and the intended populations and outcomes are different. The methods are not obvious or overlapping in method steps.
- 8. The method of Group I and the mammalian cell of Group II are related but the method could be practiced using a different product and method step, such as measuring isolated mRNA transcripts by PCR or Northern blotting, or using nuclear runon transcription assays, for example.
- 9. The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder. All claims directed to a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be rejoined.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product

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claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. **Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder**. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

10. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Election of Species

- 11. This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species for inhibitor of TEL activity:
 - a) RNAi
 - b) antibody or antibody fragment
 - c) inhibitor for TEL and binding partner

The species are independent or distinct because claims to the different species recite the mutually exclusive characteristics of such species. In addition, these species are not obvious variants of each other based on the current record. The species require a different field of search (e.g., searching different classes/subclasses or electronic resources, or employing different search queries); and/or the prior art applicable to one

species would not likely be applicable to another species; and/or the species are likely to raise different non-prior art issues under 35 U.S.C. 101 and/or 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, Claims 20 and 21; and Claims 27 and 28 (Group IV) are generic.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected species, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

The election of the species may be made with or without traverse. To preserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the election of species requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable on the elected species.

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Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the species unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other species.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of an allowable generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lynn Bristol whose telephone number is 571-272-6883. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00-4:00, Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Larry Helms can be reached on 571-272-0832. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Lynn Bristol/ Examiner, Art Unit 1643 Temporary Signatory Authority